

# Thyristor Modules

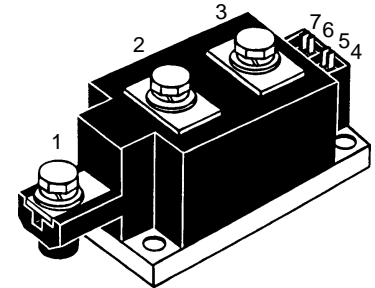
## Thyristor/Diode Modules

$$I_{TRMS} = 2 \times 520 \text{ A}$$

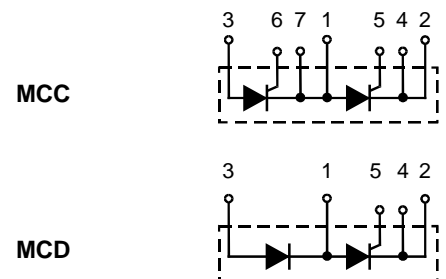
$$I_{TAVM} = 2 \times 320 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 1200\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$

$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM}$	Type	
$V_{DSM}$	$V_{DRM}$		
V	V		
1300	1200	MCC 312-12io1	MCD 312-12io1
1500	1400	MCC 312-14io1	MCD 312-14io1
1700	1600	MCC 312-16io1	MCD 312-16io1
1900	1800	MCC 312-18io1	MCD 312-18io1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$I_{TRMS}^1$ , $I_{FRMS}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	520	A
$I_{TAVM}^1$ , $I_{FAVM}$	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° sine	320	A
$I_{TSM}^1$ , $I_{FSM}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ ; $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	9200 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	10100 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	8000 A
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	8800 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	423 000 A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	423 000 A <sup>2</sup> s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ f = 50 Hz, $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 1 \text{ A}$ , $di_G/dt = 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 960 \text{ A}$	100 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
		non repetitive, $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	500 A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ ; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	1000	V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$P_{GM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$	120 W
		$t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$	60 W
$P_{GAV}$		20	W
$V_{RGM}$		10	V
$T_{VJ}$		-40...+140	°C
$T_{VJM}$		140	°C
$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS t = 1 min	3000	V~
		$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ t = 1 s	3600 V~
$M_d$	Mounting torque (M6)	4.5-7/40-62	Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)	11-13/97-115	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	750	g



### Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ -ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered E 72873
- Keyed gate/cathode twin pins

### Applications

- Motor control, softstarter
- Power converter
- Heat and temperature control for industrial furnaces and chemical processes
- Lighting control
- Solid state switches

### Advantages

- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
$I_{RRM}, I_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	40 mA
$V_T, V_F$	$I_T, I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.32 V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only ( $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ\text{C}$ )	0.8 V
$r_T$		0.68 mΩ
$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2 V
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	3 V
$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	150 mA
	$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	220 mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	0.25 V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	10 mA
$I_L$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	200 mA
$I_H$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	150 mA
$t_{gd}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 1 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	2 μs
$t_q$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; I_T = 300 \text{ A}, t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}; -di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ typ. $V_R = 100 \text{ V}; dv/dt = 50 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	200 μs
$Q_S$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T, I_F = 300 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	760 μC
$I_{RM}$		275 A
$R_{thJC}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	0.12 K/W
$R_{thJK}$	per thyristor (diode); DC current per module	0.06 K/W
	other values see Fig. 8/9	0.16 K/W
		0.08 K/W
$d_s$	Creeping distance on surface	12.7 mm
$d_A$	Creepage distance in air	9.6 mm
$a$	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s <sup>2</sup>

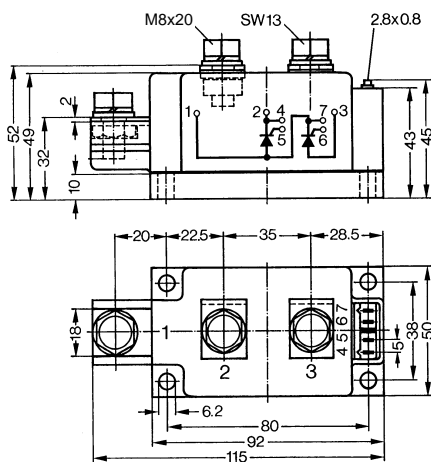
Optional accessories for modules

Keyed Gate/Cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = yellow, cathode = red

Type ZY 180 L (L = Left for pin pair 4/5) } UL 758, style 1385,  
Type ZY 180 R (R = Right for pin pair 6/7) } CSA class 5851, guide 460-1-1

### Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

#### MCC



#### MCD

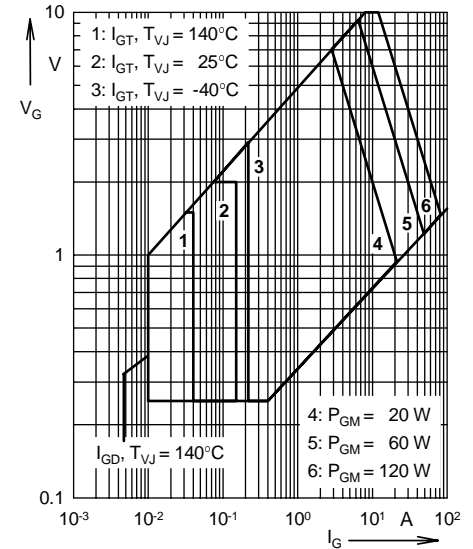
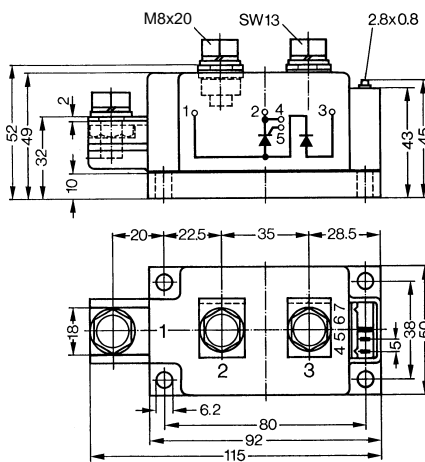


Fig. 1 Gate trigger characteristics

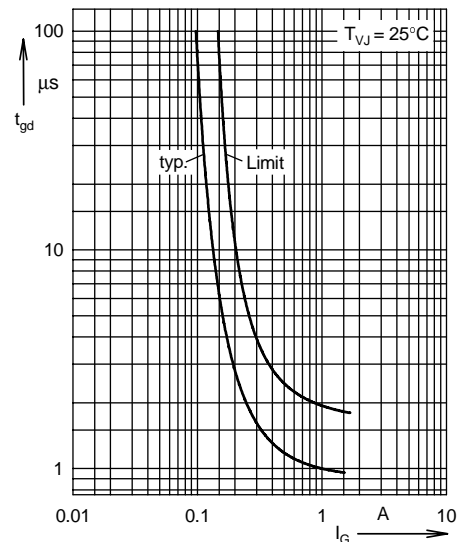


Fig. 2 Gate trigger delay time

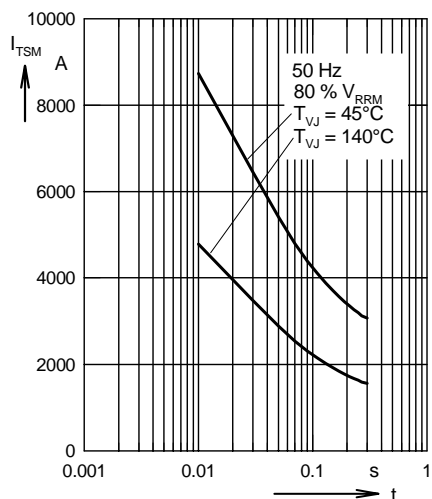


Fig. 3 Surge overload current  
 $I_{TSM}$ ,  $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

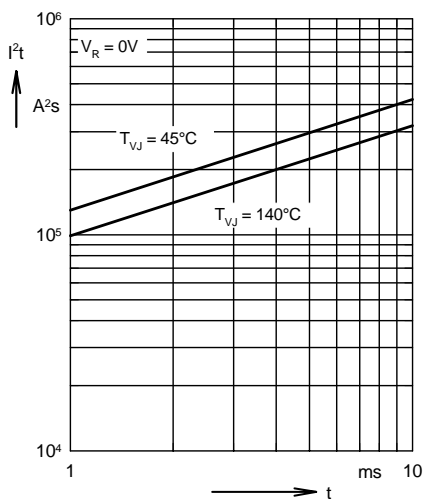


Fig. 4  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

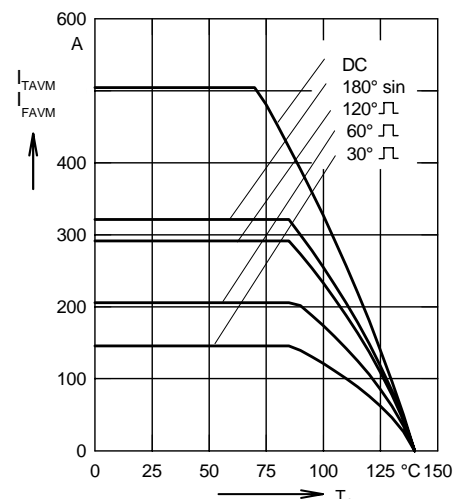


Fig. 4a Maximum forward current at case temperature

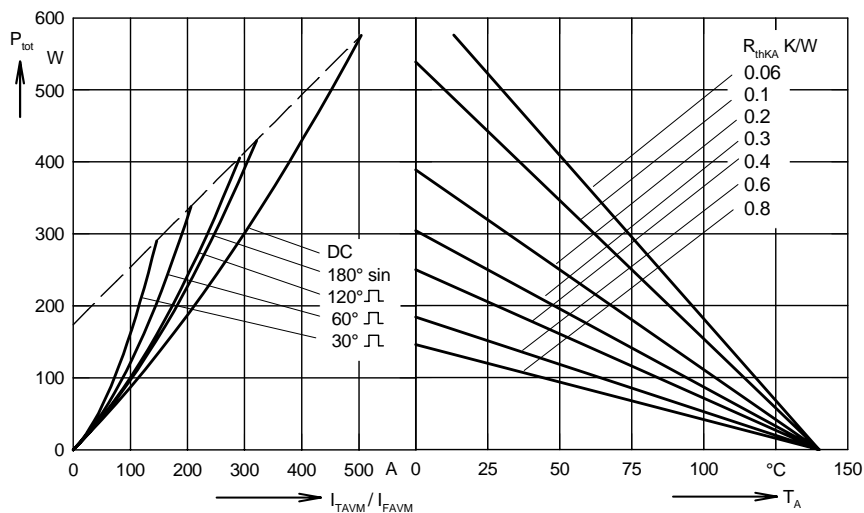


Fig. 5 Power dissipation versus on-state current and ambient temperature (per thyristor or diode)

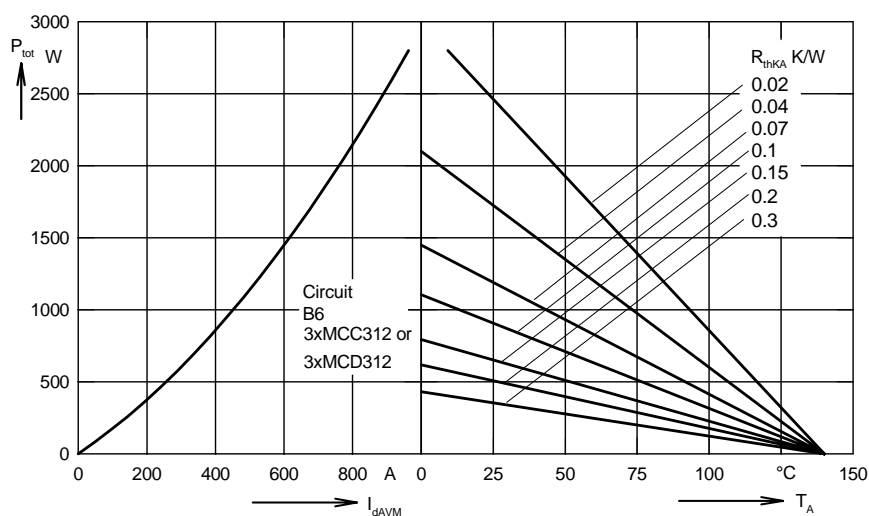


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

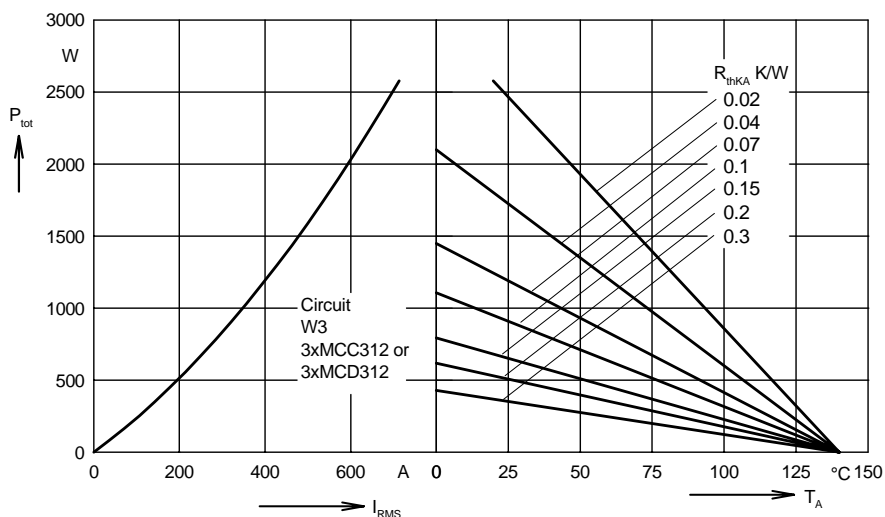


Fig. 7 Three phase AC-controller:  
Power dissipation versus RMS  
output current and ambient  
temperature

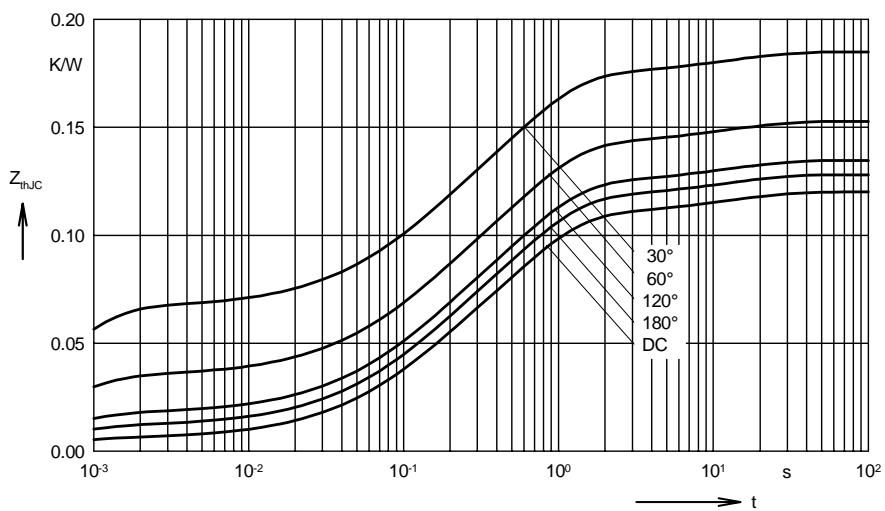


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance  
junction to case (per thyristor or  
diode)

$R_{thJC}$  for various conduction angles d:

d	$R_{thJC}$ (K/W)
DC	0.120
180°	0.128
120°	0.135
60°	0.153
30°	0.185

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.0058	0.00054
2	0.031	0.098
3	0.072	0.54
4	0.0112	12

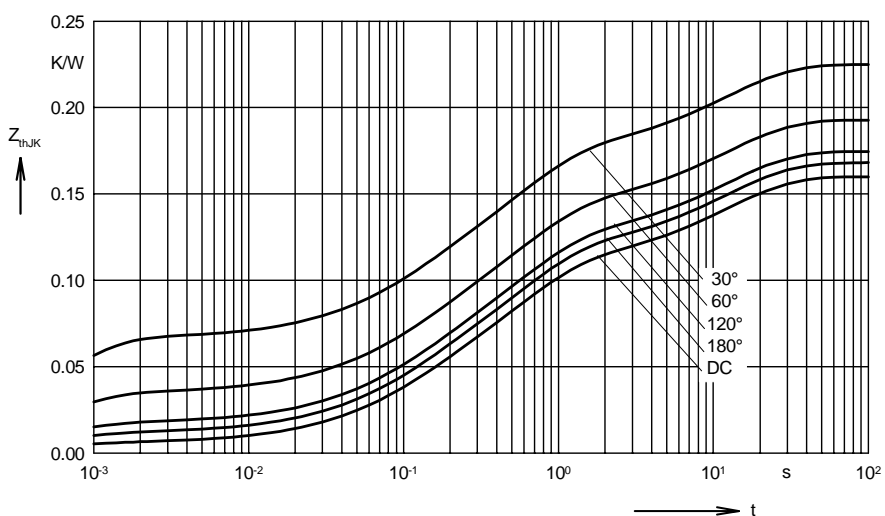


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance  
junction to heatsink (per thyristor  
or diode)

$R_{thJK}$  for various conduction angles d:

d	$R_{thJK}$ (K/W)
DC	0.160
180°	0.168
120°	0.175
60°	0.193
30°	0.225

Constants for  $Z_{thJK}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.0058	0.00054
2	0.031	0.098
3	0.072	0.54
4	0.0112	12
5	0.04	12